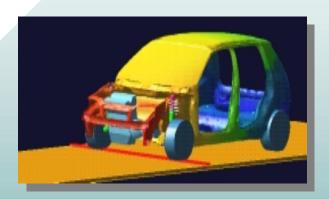
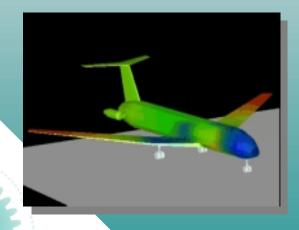
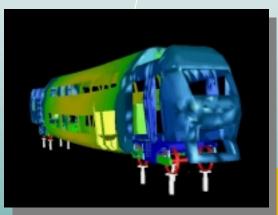
ADAMS/Vibration Capabilities for Release 11 and Beyond









Gabriele Ferrarotti
June 21st, 2000

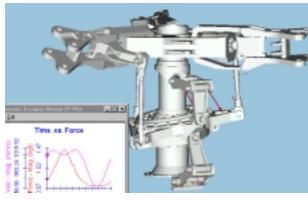
Mechanical Dynamics



Key Vibration Issues Facing Engineers and Designers

- How comfortable is the ride, whether in an automobile, airplane, railcar, or off road machinery?
- Will excitations in one part of the system drive another part of the system?
- When problems occur, how can they be isolated?









Industry efforts and metrics

- Good vibration characteristics are a purchase motivator and improve customer satisfaction
 Need a good way to measure a design
- Optimum NVH often conflicts with other attributes such as durability or vehicle dynamic performance
 Need a way to balanced competing requirements
- Significant efforts are spent to understand and quantify customer NVH requirements into objective terms and to define specific tests that relate to customer events

Current methods are expensive





Industry efforts and metrics

NVH involves both objective and subjective development

Part of the process can be quantified with analytical tools

Suppliers must "tune" their systems/components (right the first time) to the prototype vehicle or else they are responsible for NVH resolution Need a way to study system

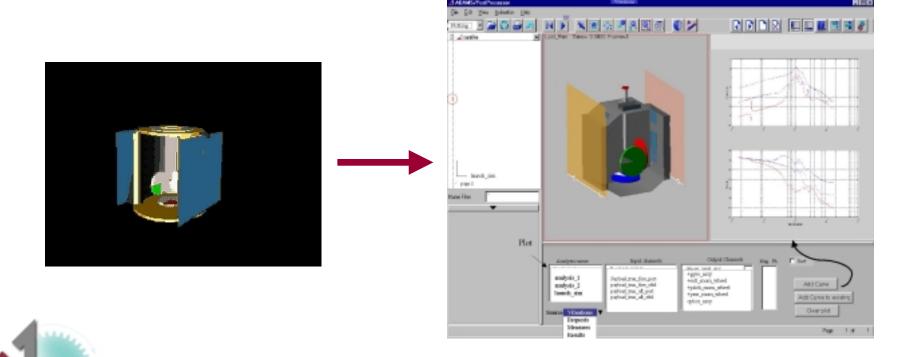
Issues are often discovered late in the prototype development process resulting in money and time loss Value in designing the right way

Mechanical Dynamics



The Need

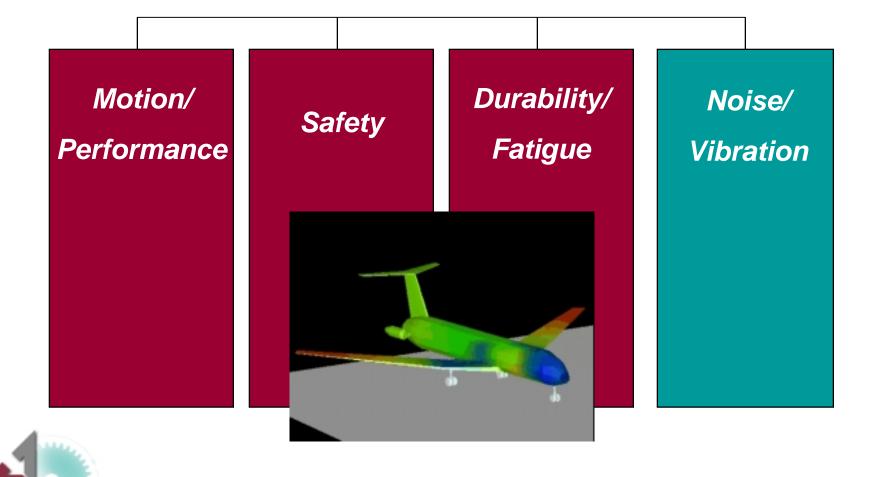
A way to study system level vibrations the same way you can now study system level motion problems



Mechanical Dynamics



Solution: MDI Extends the Scope of Virtual Prototyping



Three reasons to use ADAMS/Vibration

- Take your system to different operating points to analyze the vibratory behavior (without having to create new models!)
- Include effects of hydraulics, controls, and other subsystems on the vibration characteristics
- Analyze system modes including attachment characteristics and other nonlinear characteristics

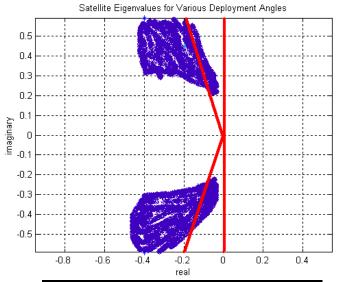




Analyze the Vibratory Behavior in Different Configurations with One Model

Satellite Example:

- System eigenvalues shift according to
 - > Panel deployment angle
 - Locking condition
 - Contact condition
 - Actual spring rates
- This shift effects attitude control margin, pointing jitter magnitude, and structural loading conditions



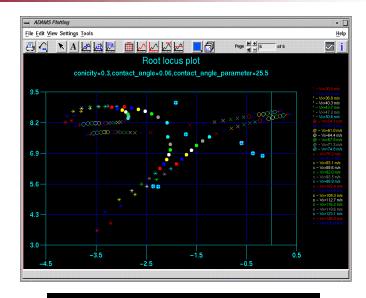


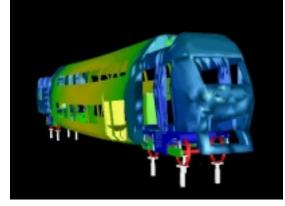




Analyze the Vibratory Behavior in Different Configurations with One Model

- Railcar Example:
 - System eigenvalues shift according to
 - > Equivalent conicity
 - Suspension stiffnesses
 - > Damper characteristics
 - This shift effects railcar stability and running comfort





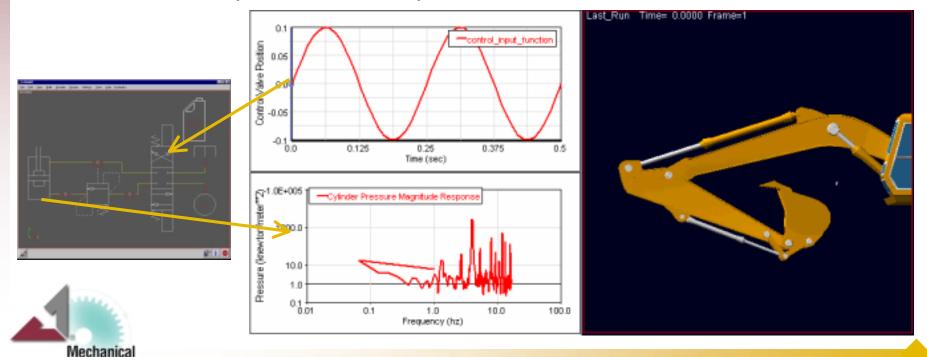


Include Effects of Hydraulics and Controls on System Vibration Behavior

Hydraulics Example:

Dynamics

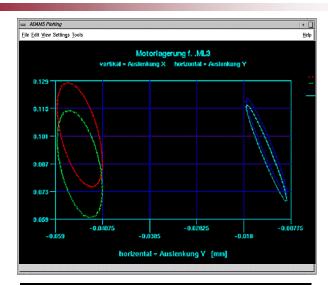
 Apply input vibration to control valve and see effect at cylinder pressure and boom movement in frequency response function plots and animations

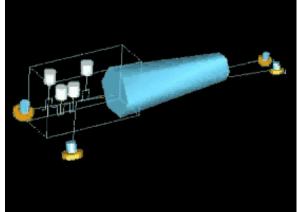




System attachment characteristics

- Automotive Example:
 - Engine mount displacements due to combustion forces in dependency of
 - > Engine mount characteristics
 - > Engine mount position
 - Frequency domain analysis helps designers to improve engine mount installations



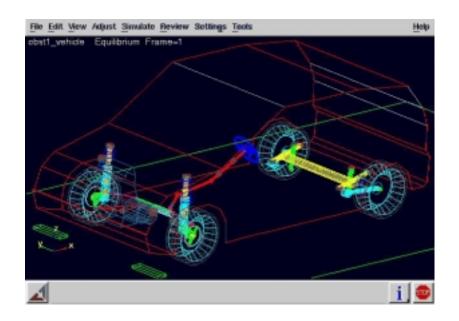






11.0 Assumptions

- Add-on product targeted at existing ADAMS user with existing ADAMS model
- Value of solving for system modes, including non-rigid attachments
- Leverage existing system model which includes hydraulics and controls

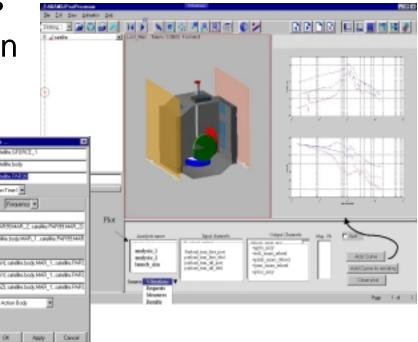






11.0 Requirements

- Frequency domain input forcing functions
- Frequency response function calculations
- Modal participation tables
- Forced vibration animation
- Forced vibration plotting







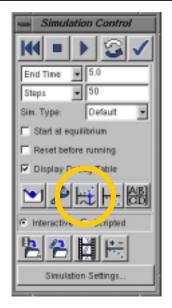
How does it work: Simplified/Unified Approach

Solution

Input

Time or Frequency Domain Inputs

Motion or Vibration Simulation Process



Post-processing

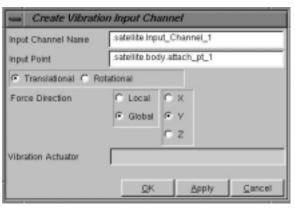
Plots, Animation, Tables, other time and frequency data





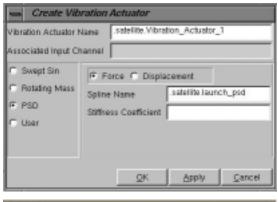
ADAMS/Vibration Walkthru...

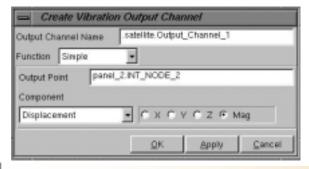
- Step 1
 - Create input channels, output channels, and actuators



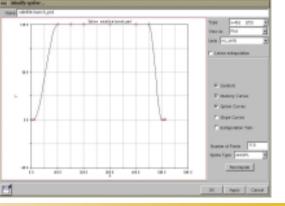
Actuator associated with an input channel







Spline defines PSD

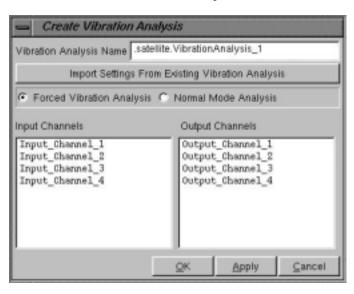


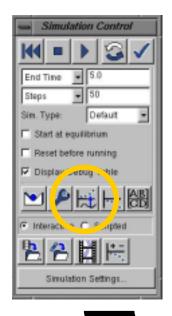




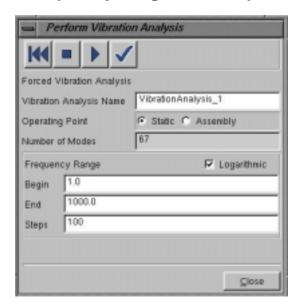
ADAMS/Vibration Walkthru...

- Step 2
 - Run Analysis





Define operating point, frequency range, and steps



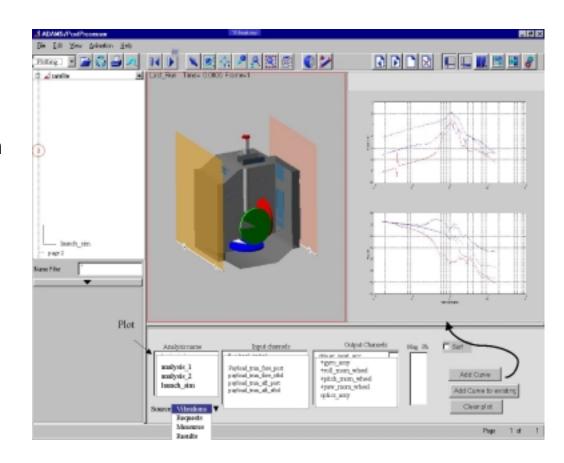
Define inputs/outputs to use





ADAMS/Vibration Walkthru...

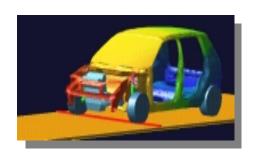
- Step 3
 - Post-Processing
 - Forced Vibration Animation and Plotting
 - FrequencyResponseFunctions
 - Modal Participation Tables







ADAMS/Vibration Roadmap



Phase 1 Forced Vibration

Extending ADAMS/Linear to support forced vibration analysis including animation, frequency response, and modal participation.

Phase 2 System Modal Energy

Modal kinetic and dissipative energy distribution. Inclusion of time based vibration analysis. Greater ease of use.

Phase 3 Frequency Based Model and Test Comparison

Using MTS test utilities to support import of physically tested components and subsystems into ADAMS/Vibrations for full vehicle analysis. Support of VEMA capabilities.

Phase 4 Vibration Analysis of General Nonlinear Systems

Extended capability to handle general rotating systems, quasi-linear systems, and vibroacoustics.

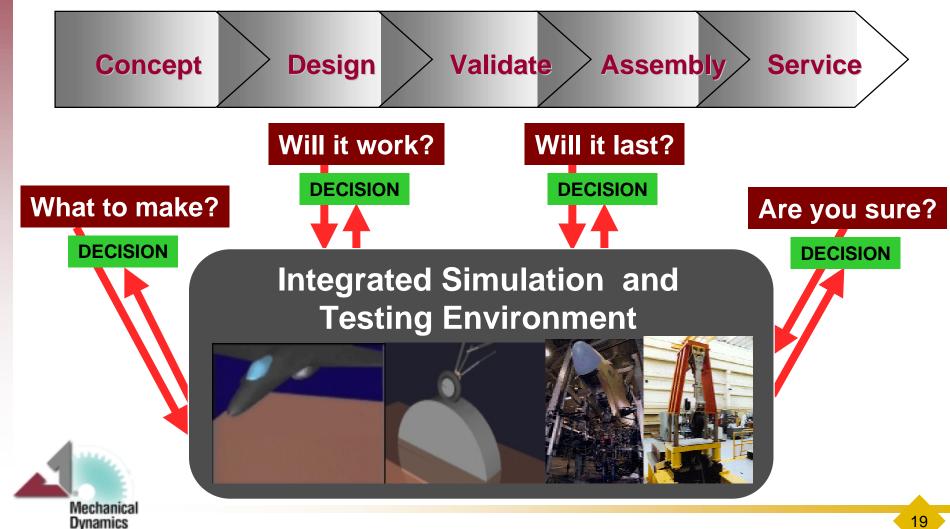


Upcoming Releases



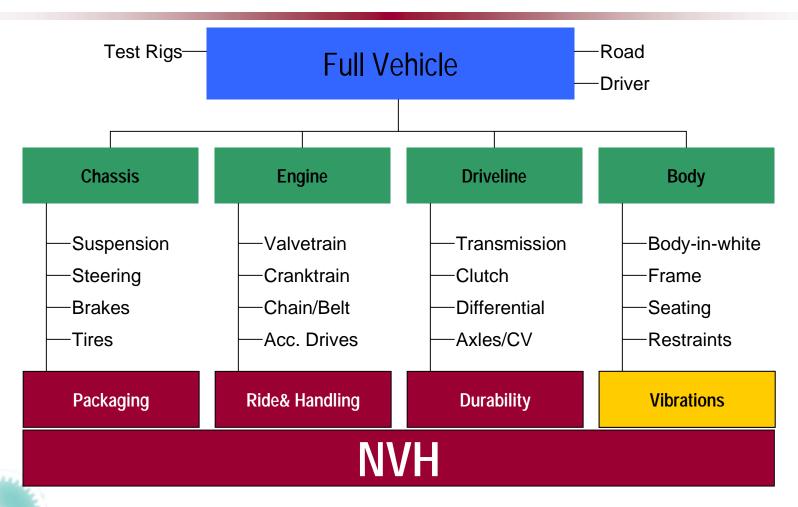


Virtual TestLab™ **Including Vibration**



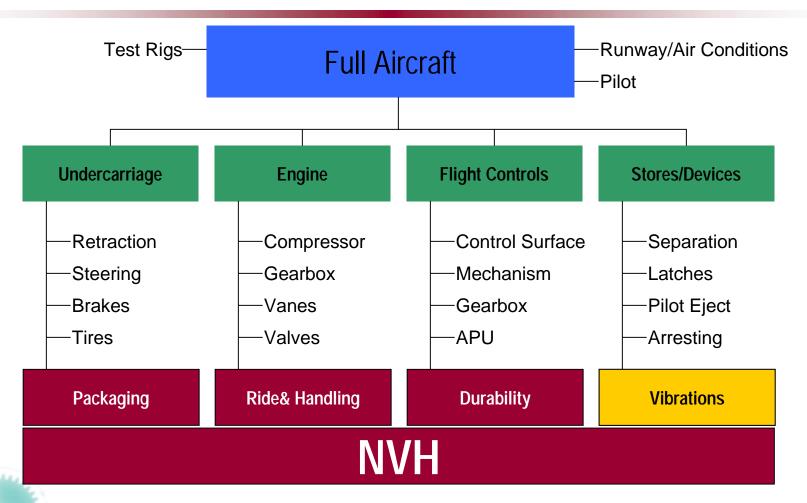


Functional Digital Car Including Vibration





Functional Digital Aircraft Including Vibration





Functional Digital Train Including Vibration

